

KLANJE STOKE I PERADI U 2019. SLAUGHTERING OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY, 2019

Prema raspoloživim podacima ukupnoga klanja stoke u klaonicama, u 2019. u usporedbi s 2018. broj zaklanih goveda nije značajno promijenjen u odnosu na godinu prije.

Klanje svinja u blagom je porastu za 0,8%, odnosno zaklano je oko 8 600 grla više nego godinu prije. Broj ovaca zaklanih u klaonicama veći je za oko 7 000 grla, odnosno 5,9%, dok je klanje peradi ostvarilo povećanje od 1,2%, odnosno oko 489 000 komada više nego godinu prije.

U neto težini stoke zaklana u klaonicama ostvareno je povećanje proizvodnje kod goveda za oko 1 700 t (3,9%) i svinja, za oko 3 600 t (4,9%), dok je kod ovaca ostvaren porast za oko 70 t (5,1%). Neto težina peradi zaklana u klaonicama veća je za oko 800 t (1,2%).

Ukupno zaklana stoka i perad, koja uključuje i procjenu domaćega klanja na gospodarstvima, u usporedbi s godinom prije bilježi sljedeća kretanja.

Broj zaklanih svinja veći je za oko 37 600 grla, što je povećanje od 2,4%, dok je neto težina zaklanih grla porasla za 6,5%, odnosno veća je za oko 7 400 t.

Broj ukupno zaklanih ovaca veći je za oko 9 800 grla (2,2%) uz povećanje neto težine za 74 t (1,4%).

Kod ukupnoga klanja koza povećan je broj zaklanih grla za oko 6 100 grla, odnosno 14,1%, dok je ukupna neto težina manja za oko 21 t (2,0%).

Kod ukupno zaklana peradi smanjenje neto težine iznosi 2,6% (1 600 t) i broja za oko 1 200 000 komada (3,8%).

Podaci o ukupnom klanju goveda jednaki su podacima klanja goveda u klaonicama.

U vezi s bruto domaćom proizvodnjom situacija je sljedeća.

Izraženo u postotcima, broj zaklanih goveda smanjen je za 11,1% dok je neto težina ostala na približno istoj razini kao godinu prije. Broj ukupno zaklanih ovaca povećan je za 3,9% i njihova je neto težina veća za 1,1%.

Broj ukupno zaklanih svinja smanjen je za 0,8%, dok je neto težina veća za 3,9%. Kod koza broj zaklanih grla veći je za 14,1%, dok je neto težina manja za 3,8%.

Brojčano to iznosi oko 10 700 grla manje zaklanih goveda i 10 400 svinja te oko 14 000 grla više zaklanih ovaca odnosno 6 000 više zaklanih koza. U pogledu neto težine povećanje kod goveda iznosi 213 t, ovaca 46 t i svinja 5 065 t, dok je kod koza neto težina manja za 21 t.

Broj peradi smanjen je za 2,5% (oko 1 200 000 komada), a neto težina za 1,2% (oko 950 t).

According to available data on the total slaughter of livestock in slaughterhouses, the number of slaughtered cattle did not significantly change in 2019 compared to 2018.

The slaughter of pigs slightly increased, by 0.8%, that is, approximately 8 600 head more were slaughtered than in the previous year. The number of sheep slaughtered in slaughterhouses rose by approximately 7 000 head, that is, 5.9%, while the slaughter of poultry increased by 1.2%, that is, approximately 489 000 head more were slaughtered compared to the previous year.

Concerning the net weight of livestock slaughtered in slaughterhouses, an increase of approximately 1 700 t (3.9%) was recorded in the production of cattle and of 3 600 t (4.9%) in the production of pigs, while the production of sheep increased by approximately 70 t (5.1%). The net weight of poultry slaughtered in slaughterhouses increased by approximately 800 t (1.2%).

Concerning total slaughtered livestock and poultry, including also the estimate of domestic slaughtering on private family farms, the following changes were recorded compared to the previous year.

The number of slaughtered pigs increased by approximately 37 600 head, i.e. by 2.4%, while the net weight of slaughtered pigs increased by 6.5% (about 7 400 t).

The total number of slaughtered sheep increased by approximately 9 800 head (2.2%), while the net weight increased by 74 t (1.4%).

The total number of slaughtered goats increased by approximately 6 100 head, i.e. 14.1%, while the net weight decreased by approximately 21 t (2.0%).

A decrease in the net weight of total slaughtered poultry amounted to 2.6% (1 600 t) and in their number to approximately 1 200 000 head (3.8%).

The data on the total slaughtered cattle equal those on the cattle slaughtered in slaughterhouses.

Concerning the gross indigenous production, the situation was as follows.

Expressed in percentages, the number of slaughtered cattle decreased by 11.1%, while the net weight remained approximately the same as in 2018. An increase was recorded in the number of total slaughtered sheep (by 3.9%) and in their net weight (by 1.1%).

The total number of slaughtered pigs decreased by 0.8%, while their net weight increased by 3.9%. Regarding goats, the number of slaughtered head increased by 14.1%, while their net weight decreased by 3.8%.

Presented in numbers, there were approximately 10 700 head less of slaughtered cattle and 10 400 of slaughtered pigs, while there were approximately 14 000 head more of slaughtered sheep and 6 000 of slaughtered goats. Concerning the net weight, the increase amounted to 213 t in the category of cattle, 46 t in the category of sheep and 5 065 t in the category of pigs, while it decreased by 21 t in the category of goats.

The number of slaughtered poultry decreased by 2.5% (about 1 200 000 head) and their net weight by 1.2% (about 950 t).

1. KLANJE STOKE I PERADI U KLAONICAMA U 2019.

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY SLAUGHTERED IN SLAUGHTERHOUSES, 2019

	Zaklana stoka i perad Slaughtered livestock and poultry			Indeksi/ Indices 2019. 2018.			
	2019.			broj grla Number of head	neto težina ¹⁾ Net weight ¹⁾		
	broj grla Number of head	neto težina, t ¹⁾ Net weight, t ¹⁾	randman ¹⁾ Coefficient of utilisation ¹⁾				
Goveda	183 079	45 418	55	100,3	103,9	Cattle	
Ovce	124 921	1 435	47	105,9	105,1	Sheep	
Koze	z	z	z	z	z	Goats	
Svinje	1 041 977	78 469	78	100,8	104,9	Pigs	
Perad	39 679 347	66 921	71	101,2	101,2	Poultry	

1) Vidi Metodološka objašnjenja.

1) See Notes on Methodology.

2. UKUPNO KLANJE STOKE I PERADI U 2019.

TOTAL SLAUGHTERING OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY, 2019

	Zaklana stoka i perad ¹⁾ Slaughtered livestock and poultry ¹⁾			Indeksi/ Indices 2019. 2018.			
	2019.			broj grla Number of head	neto težina ¹⁾ Net weight ¹⁾		
	broj grla Number of head	neto težina, t ¹⁾ Net weight, t ¹⁾	randman ¹⁾ Coefficient of utilisation ¹⁾				
Goveda	183 079	45 418	55	100,3	103,9	Cattle	
Ovce	464 156	5 332	47	102,2	101,4	Sheep	
Koze	49 144	535	47	114,1	96,2	Goats	
Svinje	1 604 709	120 847	78	102,4	106,5	Pigs	
Perad	45 537 779	76 609	71	97,4	98,0	Poultry	

1) Vidi Metodološka objašnjenja.

1) See Notes on Methodology.

3. BRUTO DOMAĆA PROIZVODNJA U 2019.

GROSS INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION, 2019

	Zaklana stoka i perad ¹⁾ Slaughtered livestock and poultry ¹⁾			Indeksi/ Indices 2019. 2018.			
	2019.			broj grla Number of head	neto težina ¹⁾ Net weight ¹⁾		
	broj grla Number of head	neto težina, t ¹⁾ Net weight, t ¹⁾	randman ¹⁾ Coefficient of utilisation ¹⁾				
Goveda	85 839	42 811	55	88,9	100,5	Cattle	
Ovce	375 484	4 337	49	103,9	101,1	Sheep	
Koze	49 144	535	48	114,1	96,2	Goats	
Svinje	1 350 440	134 762	78	99,2	103,9	Pigs	
Perad	46 619 079	79 695	70	97,5	98,8	Poultry	

1) Vidi Metodološka objašnjenja.

1) See Notes on Methodology.

4. PROGNOZA BRUTO DOMAĆE PROIZVODNJE U 2020.

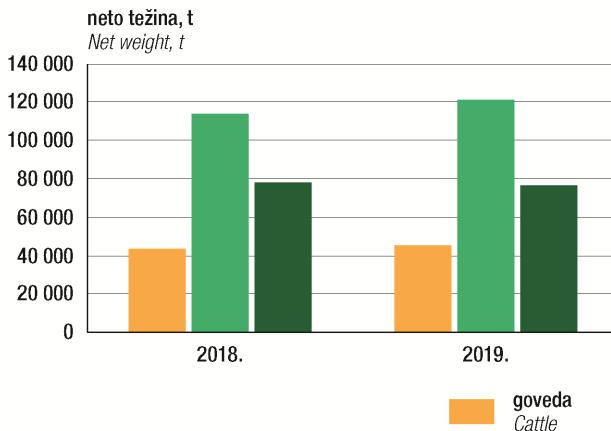
GROSS INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION FORECAST, 2020

	Zaklana stoka ¹⁾ Slaughtered livestock ¹⁾		Indeksi/ Indices 2020. 2019.		
	broj grla u 2019. Number of head, 2019	procijenjeni broj grla u 2020. Estimated number of head, 2020	broj grla Number of head		
Goveda	85 839	74 300	86,6		Cattle
Ovce	375 484	433 000	115,3		Sheep
Svinje	1 350 440	1 150 000	85,2		Pigs

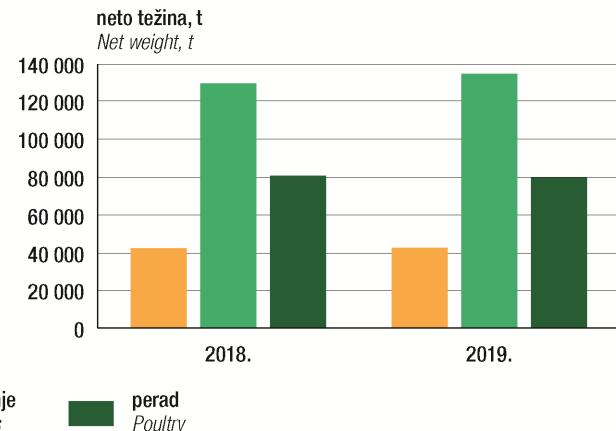
1) Vidi Metodološka objašnjenja.

1) See Notes on Methodology.

G-1. UKUPNO KLANJE STOKE I PERADI U 2019.
TOTAL SLAUGHTERING OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY, 2019



G-2. BRUTO DOMAĆA PROIZVODNJA U 2019.
GROSS INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION, 2019



METODOLOŠKA OBJAŠNJENJA

Izvor i metode prikupljanja podataka

Godišnji podaci o klanju stoke i peradi u klaonicama preuzimaju se od Ministarstva poljoprivrede – Uprave za stočarstvo i kvalitetu hrane (Odjel za kontrolu sustava razvrstavanja govedih, svinjskih i ovčjih trupova).

Podaci ukupnoga godišnjega klanja stoke i peradi dobiveni su, osim iz administrativnih podataka o klanju stoke i peradi u klaonicama, i na temelju podataka prikupljenim redovitim godišnjim istraživanjima broja stoke i stočne proizvodnje kod poslovnih subjekata i na obiteljskim poljoprivrednim gospodarstvima.

Podaci o uvozu i izvozu stoke i peradi preuzimaju se iz statistike robne razmjene s inozemstvom.

Istraživanjem klanja stoke i peradi u klaonicama prikupljaju se podaci o broju zaklana stoke po vrstama i kategorijama, njihovoj težini prije klanja (bruto težina), težini obrađenog trupa (neto težina) te podaci o randmanima.

Podaci o broju zaklana stoke i peradi na gospodarstvima i prisilnom klanju kod pravnih osoba prikupljaju se, među ostalim, iz podataka o bilancama stoke i peradi.

Metodologija za provedbu istraživanja o stočarstvu temelji se na Uredbi (EZ) br. 1165/2008 Europskog parlamenta i Vijeća o statističkim podacima o stočarstvu i mesu od 19. studenoga 2008.

Obuhvat i usporedivost

Izvještajne jedinice za koje se podnose mjesечni izvještaji o klanju stoke i peradi jesu pravne osobe i njihovi dijelovi te obrtnici koji se bave djelatnošću klanja stoke i peradi.

Podaci o broju stoke i stočnoj proizvodnji za poslovne subjekte prikupljaju se na dva načina: izvještajima koji se poštom dostavljaju Državnom zavodu za statistiku i u internetskoj aplikaciji koju ispunjavaju izvještajne jedinice.

Podaci za obiteljska poljoprivredna gospodarstva prikupljeni su metodom telefonskog anketiranja na odabranome stratificiranim uzorku. Uzorak je izabran iz Statističkog registra poljoprivrednih gospodarstava kao baze, a ima oko 7 000 jedinica.

Prognoza bruto domaće proizvodnje temelji se na modelima procjene korištenjem podataka iz raspoloživih administrativnih izvora i redovitih statističkih istraživanja.

NOTES ON METHODOLOGY

Sources and methods of data collection

Annual data on slaughtering of livestock and poultry in slaughterhouses are taken over from the Ministry of Agriculture – Directorate for Livestock and Food Quality (Department for the Control of the Carcass Classification System for Cattle, Pigs and Sheep).

Data on the total annual slaughtering of livestock and poultry are also obtained, except from administrative data on the slaughtering of livestock and poultry in slaughterhouses, on the basis of data collected in regular annual surveys on the number of livestock and livestock production at business entities and on private family farms.

Data on export and import of livestock and poultry are taken over from the external trade in goods statistics.

This survey serves for collecting data on the number of slaughtered livestock by types and categories, their weight before slaughtering (gross weight), the weight of dressed carcass (net weight) and data on coefficients of utilisation.

Data on the balance of livestock and poultry also include information on the number of slaughtered livestock on private family farms as well as on compulsory slaughtering at legal entities.

The methodology for carrying out the livestock survey is based on the Regulation (EC) No. 1165/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 concerning livestock and meat statistics.

Coverage and comparability

Reporting units that submit monthly reports on livestock and poultry slaughtering are legal entities, parts thereof and tradesmen engaged in the activity of livestock and poultry slaughtering.

Data on the number and production of livestock for business entities are collected in two ways: on reports submitted to the Croatian Bureau of Statistics by postal service and by using the internet application filled in by reporting units.

Data for private family farms are collected by telephone interviewing on a selected stratified sample. The sample has been selected from the Statistical Register of Agricultural Holdings, which has approximately 7 000 units.

Gross indigenous production forecast is based on estimation models by using data from available administrative sources and regular statistical surveys.

Povjerljivost

Aggregirani podaci kod kojih postoje razlozi za povjerljivost (zbog malog broja jedinica, pravila dominantnosti ili sekundarne povjerljivosti), u skladu sa Zakonom o službenoj statistici (NN, br. 25/20.) i Pravilnikom o načinu zaštite statističkih podataka Državnog zavoda za statistiku, tretiraju se kao povjerljivi te se stoga ne objavljaju.

Definicije

Neto težina jest težina očišćenog trupa, zaklane stoke i peradi bez kože, krvi, glave (osim kod odojaka i peradi), utrobe, prednjih nogu do koljena i stražnjih nogu do skočnog zgloba.

Randman zaklane stoke i peradi jest postotni odnos težine zaklane stoke i peradi (neto težina) i težine žive stoke i peradi (bruto težina), a iskazuje se u postocima.

Ukupno klanje stoke i peradi obuhvaća svu stoku i perad zaklanju na području Republike Hrvatske bez obzira na podrijetlo. To je zbroj klanja stoke i peradi u klaonicama i klanja stoke i peradi kod pravnih osoba (prisilno klanje) te na obiteljskim poljoprivrednim gospodarstvima. Podaci ukupnog klanja goveda obuhvaćaju isključivo goveda zaklana u klaonicama.

Bruto domaća proizvodnja obuhvaća stoku i perad uzgojenu na području Republike Hrvatske. To je razlika ukupno zaklane stoke i peradi i vanjskotrgovinske bilance (bruto domaća proizvodnja = ukupno klanje stoke i peradi – u meso preračunana masa živilih uvezenih životinja + u meso preračunana masa živilih izvezrenih životinja).

Prognoza bruto domaće proizvodnje odgovara ocjeni broja zaklanih goveda, svinja i ovaca i vanjskotrgovinske bilance živilih životinja.

Kratice

NN Narodne novine
t tonna

Znakovi

z podatak nije objavljen zbog povjerljivosti

Confidentiality

Aggregated data for which there are reasons for confidentiality (small number of units, the dominance rule or secondary confidentiality rule) according to the Official Statistics Act (NN, No. 25/20) and to the Ordinance on the Statistical Data Protection Method are treated as confidential and therefore are not published.

Definitions

Net weight is the weight of dressed carcass of slaughtered animals without skin and blood, eviscerated and beheaded (not including piglets and poultry), and after removal of the viscera, fore ends and hind legs with knuckle.

Coefficient of utilisation of slaughtered livestock and poultry is a percentage ratio of the weight of the slaughtered cattle and poultry (net weight) and the weight of livestock and live poultry (gross weight), and it is presented in percentage.

Total slaughtering of livestock and poultry covers all livestock and poultry slaughtered on the territory of the Republic of Croatia, irrespective of origin. It represents the sum of livestock and poultry slaughtered in slaughterhouses and livestock and poultry slaughtered at legal entities (compulsory slaughtering) and on private family farms. The data on the total slaughtering of cattle include solely the cattle slaughtered in slaughterhouses.

Gross indigenous production covers livestock and poultry bred on the territory of the Republic of Croatia. It represents the difference between the total slaughtered livestock and poultry and the external trade balance (gross indigenous production – slaughtered meat production minus the meat equivalent of animals imported alive plus the meat equivalent of animal exported alive).

Gross indigenous production forecast corresponds to the estimate of slaughtered cattle, pigs and sheep plus their external trade balance.

Abbreviations

NN Narodne novine, official gazette of the Republic of Croatia
t tonne

Symbols

z data are not published for confidentiality reasons

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